

Real-time injury assessment in non-standard seating configurations in highly automated vehicles

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Background

Digital twin model

Analysis method

Artificial Intelligence

Application

Hands-off mode has been our dream





New designs are introduced for highly automated vehicles (HAVs) in which occupants will be just passengers in non-standard seating configurations.



ZOOX concept shuttle



ZF concept shuttle



TOYOTA concept shuttle



Right now the only available seating configuration for a family in a vehicle is **Standard** (Face-forwarded passengers)



If occupants can change their seats there exists **24 possibilities**

If all passengers can freely,

- rotate seats
- recline seats' back
- changing their seats

It means

7 962 600 seating configurations possibilities.





The crash occurrence possibilities reaches to

95 551 200

These are named, Non-Standard

How many crash test did we need?

How to evaluate new seating configurations safety?



Digital twin model

Anthropometric database

5117 Men5333 WomenAge 6-65 year oldCzech and Slovak population in 1985

Hyncik, L., Cechova, H., Kovar, L., and Blaha, P., "On Scaling Virtual Human Models," SAE Technical Paper 2013-01-0074, 2013

Vychytil, J., Manas, J., Cechova, H., Spirk, S. et al., "Scalable Multi-Purpose Virtual Human Model for Future Safety Assessment," SAE Technical Paper 2014-01-0534, 2014

Selected interiors

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We made an application to predict occupant injury

Input file structure

	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н		J	К	L	M	N	0	Р	Q	R	S
1			Input for N	I runs is a	text file v	vith N rows,	each row of	contains t	he order of	of 19 intege	ers (3 for ve	hicle and	4 x 4 for	passengers)	described	below			
2	Veł	nicle	Interior	r Passenger 1				Passenger 2				Passenger 3				Passenger 4			
3	Vehicle orientation Integer in [0, 359]	Acceleration level Integer in [10, 90]	Seating configuration Integer in [0, 5]	Gender Integer 0 (M) or 1 (F)	Age Integer in [6, 75]	Height Integer [cm]	Mass Integer [kg]	Gender Integer 0 (M) or 1 (F)	Age Integer in [6, 75]	Height Integer [cm]	Mass Integer [kg]	Gender Integer 0 (M) or 1 (F)	Age Integer in [6, 75]	Height Integer [cm]	Mass Integer [kg]	Gender Integer 0 (M) or 1 (F)	Age Integer in [6, 75]	Height Integer [cm]	Mass Integer [kg]
4	0	30	0	0	35	176	84	1	10	143	34	0	6	120	23	1	30	165	62
5	0	30	1	0	35	176	84	1	10	143	34	0	6	120	23	1	30	1 65	62
6	0	30	2	0	35	176	84	1	10	143	34	0	6	120	23	1	30	165	62
/	0	30	3	0	35	176	84	1	10	143	34	0	6	120	23	1	30	165	62
0	0	30	4 5	0	35	1/6	84	1	10	143	34	0	6	120	23	1	30	165	62
10	0	30	.	0	30	1/6	84	1	10	143	34	0	0	120	23	1	30	105	02
	90° C 120° C 150° 18 Acceleration	0° 330° 300° 270° √240° 0° ∩° axis	Acceleration (g)	time of the second seco	o (ms) ration				Inte	rior							AC K	۲ E G	body models

Input data Distribution

Frontal crash 30 km/h

Injury data structure

			-				+					
Inju	iry dat	a			Simulatio	on data	Injury for a body parts					
				Occupant 1	Occupant 2	Occupant 2 Occupant 3			Body injury			
	-	(06 •		Gender	Gender	Gender	Gender	(Ŧ	Head			
	Orientation (0> 359	(10>	• 5)	Age				2, 3, 4	Thorax			
		on pulse	erior (0>		Age	Age	Age	er (1,	Abdomen			
				Heiaht	Heiaht	Height	Heiaht	∋qшr	Pelvis			
		eratio	Inte	neight	neight	neight	neight	dy nu	Femurs			
		ccele		Weight	Weight	Weight	Weight	Bot	Knees			
		Ă		mengine	mengine	mengine	Weight		Tibiae			
				Note: l	f the seat is no are "0" for	ot occupied all that seat.		Good (3) Acceptable (2) Marginal (1) Poor (0)				

Body part injury number

Application for Fast Injury prediction

We will use AI for our projects

It was just a beginning of a journey. You will hear soon from us about other applicable projects with AI regarding to occupants safety.

Thank you!

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